

and Michael M. Namara, for stealing from the King's Stores. His Lordship proceeded to the Record Court, where he was present the whole of the day, and yesterday.

CITY RECORDS.

Glover.—This was an action for the recovery of twenty feet of ground in front of the High-House, taken by the Defendant Habera, in a parcel with other parcels, for Plaintiff with 6d Costs. Verdict for Plaintiff with a clause of a special Jury, with a clause of

Watson and Morgan.—This was an alleged Libel published in the papers, of which the Defendants are the publishers, and the case was thus:—Plaintiff, Watch and Clock-Maker, embarked in the Gun-Powder Trade, and in the month of October, 1821, he caused placards, of various characters, to be posted throughout the City for the sale of Gun-Powder, in the following words:—

"Office, Rutland-street, Commercial Buildings, Prick-street, corner of Ellen-street. We have direct from the Mills, a fresh supply of Gunpowder, which will be sold very low and cheap. Every article in the shooting line to be had."

This became the just reprehension of the Magistrates, and the Magistrates were obliged to stop such conduct. The Act, however, having expired, they did not feel themselves warranted to interfere on a legal point of view, and the subject was published in the *Dublin Correspondent* of the 10th of November, in the following paragraph:—
"The Gunpowder Act has expired, and we are sorry to see that there are persons in Limerick who sell large quantities of Gunpowder without hesitation, or without any regard to the intentions of the purchaser. Surely the Magistrates should restrain the avidity of gain at such a time, and the traders in such an article will not decline to be attended with consequences, which may be attended with consequences, which they ought to be prevented from committing. Magistrates, who would be indemnified by the Government for any precautionary measure dictated by a sense of duty and safety at this alarming moment."

On the 10th of November the Magistrates received an order from Government to seize all Gunpowder in the hands of Venders, in consequence of the Mayor accordingly took a writ against the Plaintiff, Glover, who brought an action to recover Damages from him for so doing, the Act of Indemnity, passed on the 10th of February, 1822, a Special Jury was held in Cork, for the trial of the Plaintiff, and an epitome of the proceedings, published on Saturday, was published in the papers of the 25th. Saturday's proceedings as follows:—

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23.
The Plaintiff was indicted for selling gun-powder to the Defendant, Glover, in violation of the Statute made by the 27th of George III. it was made a misdemeanour to sell arms or levy money, and equally criminal as to those who entertained such a purchase, punishable by death, as in cases of felony, of Clergy. The Jury, who were highly sensible of the prisoner guilty, without much hesitation, and fully approved of the ver-

dicted sentence of death.—Peter Gafney, James Coleman, and Michael Maxwell, for burglary and robbery, were likewise sentenced to death.

At Cavan Assizes on Wednesday, Connor M'Gevney and Mary M'Gevney, were capitally convicted for the murder of their child, aged nine months—sentence respited until the opinion of the twelve Judges is obtained, as judgment was arrested on the ground that the prisoners confessed their guilt to a constable under the impression of intimidation.

At the Sessions under the Insurrection Act at Cork, before Serjeant Lloyd, the following were tried:—Michael O'Donnell, of Broadfort, Co. Clare, found near Charleville, where he was looking for work; Acquitted. Jeremiah Manning, for having arms and ammunition—Guilty. Richard and Edward Hussey, Jeremiah and Florence Leary, Michael Walsh, John Murray, Jeremiah Foley, Michael and Thomas Buckley, and Patrick Shea—Acquitted.

On Thursday morning, Mr. Vowel, Keeper of Clonmel Gaol, forwarded to Cork, for transportation the following 20 Convicts, sentenced in the County of Tipperary, under the Insurrection Act, viz.:—Cornelius Buckley, John Mooney, Wm. Ryan, Jas. Ryan, Jos. Laurence, sen. Joseph Laurence, jun. Thos. Guinan, Thos. Downes, John Cash, Wm. Rinehan, John Hurley, Wm. Dwyer, John Reardon, Richd. Brien, John Collins, Thomas Coffee, Edm. Kennedy, Thady Coffee, Edm. Sheehan, John Keane.

On Saturday night last, the dwelling house of Mr. Henry Sheehy, at the Downs, near Ballingarry, was feloniously set on fire and consumed to ashes. It was by the greatest effort that Mr. Sheehy and his family escaped the fury of the flames, as they never perceived the least noise until aroused by the heat of the fire and cracking of the flames. Not an atom of the furniture or effects were saved. The above outrage appears to have been perpetrated for the purpose of destroying Mr. Sheehy's papers, as he holds a considerable portion of tythes from Lady Ormond. A similar outrage was committed the same night at Shauid Castle, near Shanagolden, on a Proctor named Somers, by burning and destroying his house and papers.

A few night since, four sheep were killed on the lands of Garrinroe, belonging to David Quin, and four sheep near Newborough, in this County.

A man was shot dead on Thursday night, while picking some apples in the orchard of Paradise, Co. Clare, the late residence of John Scott, Esq. by the keeper, who has absconded.

Sunday morning, at two o'clock, Thomas Davis, a mason, was unfortunately drowned at Arthur's Quay; it is remarkable that his sister met a similar fate some years ago.

Thomas Dowling, a native of Limerick, was drowned at New York, on the 20th May.

Thomas M'Adam, Esq. has received £50 from the London Committee for the poor of Kilquane.

is we are happy to find recover from indisposition—he arrived at Antrim on Wednesday, and will be on a tour to the Assizes, and will be on a tour to Donoughmore next week.

The Earl of Donoughmore has been appointed to the office of Lord Chancellor of Ireland.

The Earl Donoughmore has been appointed to the office of Lord Chancellor of Ireland. The Clerks of the Crown and the Grand Jury Laws, to communicate the amount of their respective salaries, to be entitled to receive, by the President of the Court.

Parliament will be prorogued on Wednesday last.

On Wednesday last, Martin Switzer, of the Police, put some notes in his pocket, having occasion to go out, the opportunity, opened said desk, and found £37 and two gold rings, which were made for the offenders, with an accurate description of their names, was sent to the Police-Office upon which, Capt. Drought sent Martin Switzer, of the Police, in the evening. They were traced to a lodging-house in this City, where they were found at one o'clock on Thursday morning, again same day, under pretence of Castle-CConnell, leaving a child, but it is supposed they went to change the notes for those of £100 silver, and returned to their lodgings at 10 o'clock on Sunday night. They were waiting, and secured the notes found on their persons. In one note, much torn and the mark described upon it, was found upon them a pocket-pistol, and several very fine marks defaced, supposed to be besides other articles of wear and jewellery. They are fully identified and committed to jail, by Captain Drought.

With that genuine feeling which has uniformly marked the London Society for relief of the poor, One Hundred Pounds has been committed to the Rev. William Barry to the Mendicity Association, funds of that Institution, and the hands of Edward Bernard hereto.

The names of the persons who have deserved thanks of the City are recorded in the City of Dublin. An account of the money entrusted to the committee, for the relief of the poor, is published in the City of Dublin.